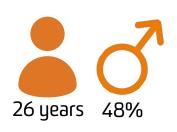
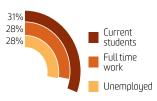
2022 SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS



In 2022, 72 participants, recruited from Hobart, TAS were interviewed.



The median age in 2022 was 26, and 48% identified as male.



In the 2022 sample, 31% were enrolled students, 28% were employed full time and 28% were unemployed.



Participants were recruited on the basis that they had consumed ecstasy and/or other illicit stimulants at least monthly in the past 6 months.

PAST 6 MONTH USE OF SELECTED DRUGS

Ketamine

LSD

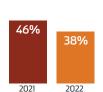
Hallucinogenic mushrooms

GHB/GBL/ 1,4-BD

Amyl nitrite

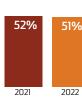
Nitrous oxide (nangs)

Non-prescribed e-cigarettes













0%

2022









*p<0.050; **p<0.010; ***p<0.001

MENTAL HEALTH AND SEXUAL HEALTH BEHAVIOURS



Self-reported MH issue

45% Seen a MH

professional

69% Anxiety Depression PTSD

> Of those who had a mental health condition, the three most common mental health issues reported were anxiety (71%), depression (69%) and PTSD (24%).

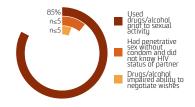


sexual activity

39%

Had an STI test

In the total sample, 79% reported sexual activity in the past 4 weeks, and 39% had a sexual health check in the past 6 months.



Sexual risk behaviours among those who reported any sexual activity in the past four weeks and were able to comment

OTHER RISK BEHAVIOURS



In the total sample, 63%

self-reported a mental health issue

and 45% had seen a mental health

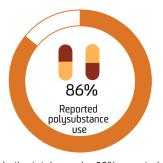
professional in the past 6 months.

Among recent drivers, 40% reported driving a vehicle within 3 hours of consuming illicit drugs and 27% while over the legal limit of alcohol.

2021

2022

In the 2022 sample, 28% reported a non-fatal depressant overdose in the previous 12 months, stable relative to 2021 (16%).



In the total sample, 86% reported concurrent use of two or more substances on the last occasion of ecstasy or related drug use.

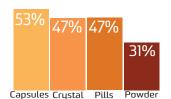


depressants

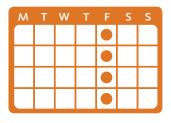
Stimulants, depressants and cannabis

The most commonly used combinations of drug classes on the last occasion of ecstasy or related drua use.

ECSTASY



Past 6 month use of ecstasy capsules, crystal, pills, and powder in 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed ecstasy, 12% reported weekly or more frequent use.



2 Capsules 2 Pills



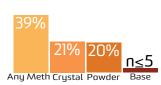
0.20 grams of crystal 0.20 grams of powder

Median amounts of ecstasy consumed in a 'typical' session using each form.

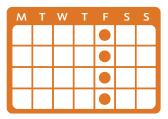


In 2022, more participants perceived the availability of the capsule form as 'difficult' or 'very difficult' relative to 2021.

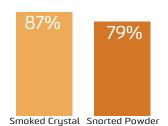
METHAMPHETAMINE



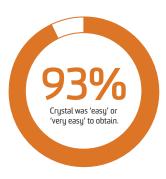
Past 6 month use of any methamphetamine, crystal, powder and base in 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed methamphetamine, n≤5 reported weekly or more frequent use.

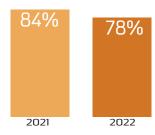


87% of participants who had recently used crystal smoked it. Of those who had recently used powder, 79% snorted it.

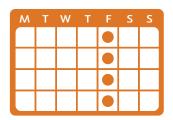


Of those who could comment, 93% perceived crystal methamphetamine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

COCAINE



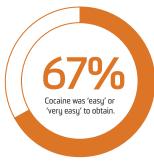
Past 6 month use of any cocaine was stable between 2021 and 2022



Of those who had recently consumed cocaine, n≤5 reported weekly or more frequent use.

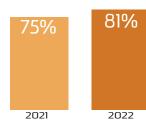


In 2022, the median price of a gram of cocaine remained stable at \$350.

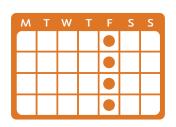


Of those who could comment, 67% perceived cocaine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

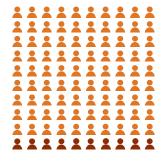
CANNABIS AND/OR CANNABINOID REL



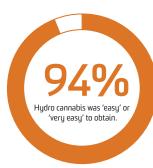
Past 6 month use of non-prescribed cannabis and/ or cannabinoid related products remained stable between 2021 and 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed non-prescribed cannabis and/or cannabinoid related products, 67% reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of participants who had consumed non-prescribed cannabis and/or cannabinoid related products in the last 6 months, 90% had smoked it.



Of those who could comment, 94% perceived hydro to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.