

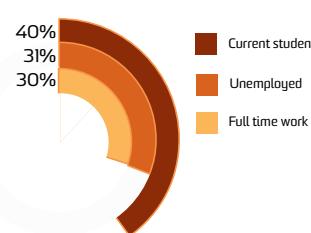
2020 NORTHERN TERRITORY SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS



In 2020, 100 people from Darwin, NT, participated in EDRS interviews.



The median age in 2020 was 23, and 58% identified as male.

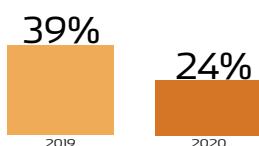


In the 2020 sample, 40% were enrolled students, 31% were unemployed, and 30% were employed full time.

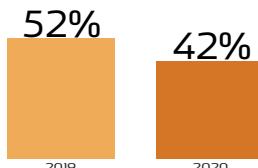
- ✓ Ecstasy
- ✓ Cocaine
- ✓ Other stimulants

Participants were recruited on the basis that they had consumed ecstasy or other illicit stimulants at least monthly in the past 6 months.

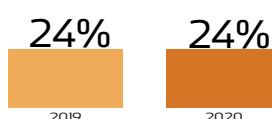
OTHER DRUGS



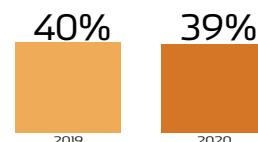
Past 6 month use of ketamine decreased from 39% in 2019 to 24% in the 2020 EDRS sample.



Past 6 month use of LSD decreased from 52% in 2019 to 42% in 2020.



Past 6 month use of any amyl nitrite was stable from 2019 (24%) to 2020 (24%).

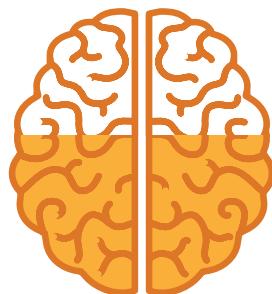


Past 6 month use of any nitrous oxide (nangs) was stable from 2019 (40%) to in 2020 (39%).

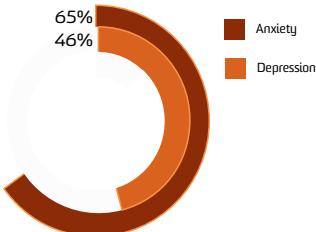
DRUG TREATMENT AND MENTAL HEALTH



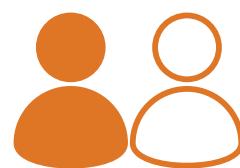
Of the 2020 EDRS sample <5% reported that they were currently receiving drug treatment.



Just under half of the sample (41%) self-reported that they had experienced a mental health problem in the previous 6 months.

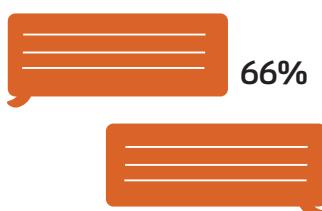


Of those who commented, the most common self-reported mental health concern was anxiety (65%), followed by depression (46%).

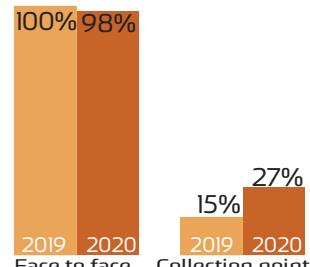


Of those self-reporting a mental health problem, 46% reported seeing a mental health professional in the previous 6 months (19% of the entire sample).

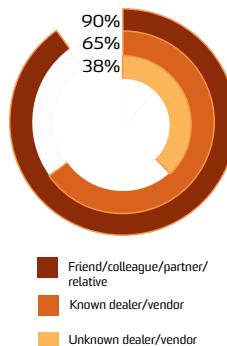
MODES OF PURCHASING



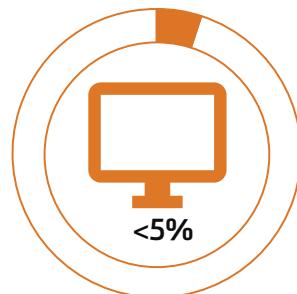
66%



In 2020, 66% of participants organised the purchase of illicit or non-prescribed drugs via social networking.



When asked about how they received drugs, 98% said face to face, and 27% said via a pre-arranged collection point.

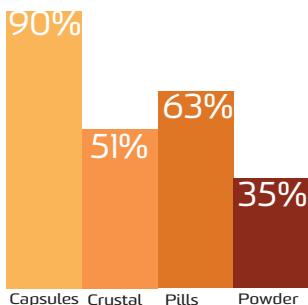


<5%

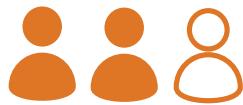
The majority of participants reported obtaining drugs from someone they knew personally (90%).

In 2020, <5% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs off the darknet in the previous 12 months.

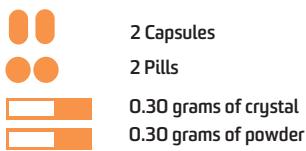
ECSTASY



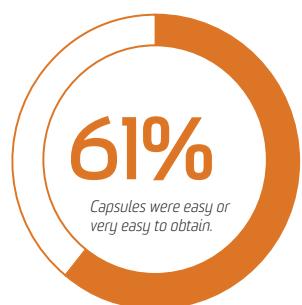
Past 6 month use of ecstasy capsules, crystal, pills, and powder in 2020.



Of those who had recently consumed ecstasy, 1 in 3 (31%) used it weekly.

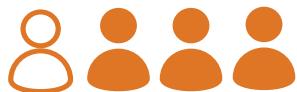


Median amounts of ecstasy consumed in a 'typical' session using each form.

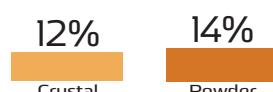


Of those who could comment 61% perceived ecstasy capsules to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

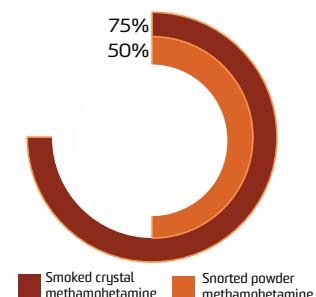
METHAMPHETAMINE



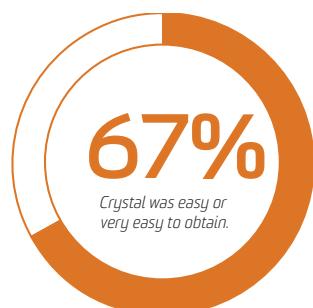
Past 6 month use of any methamphetamine decreased from 44% in 2019 to 24% in 2020.



Of the entire sample, 14% had recently consumed powder, and 12% crystal methamphetamine.

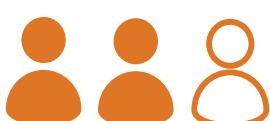


75% of people who had recently used crystal smoked it. Of those who had recently used powder, 50% snorted it.

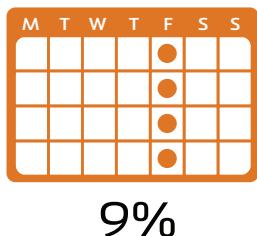


Of those who could comment 67% perceived crystal methamphetamine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

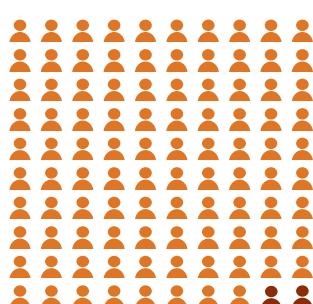
COCAINE



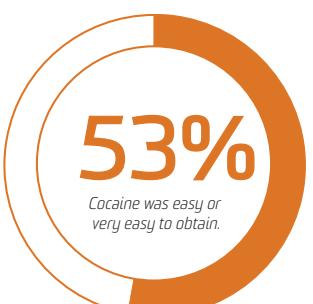
Past 6 month use of any cocaine reduced from 74% in 2019 to 59% in 2020.



Of people who had consumed cocaine recently, 9% reported weekly or more frequent use.

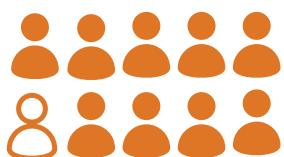


Of people who had consumed cocaine in the last 6 months, 98% had snorted it.

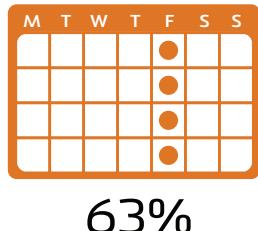


Of those who could comment 53% perceived cocaine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

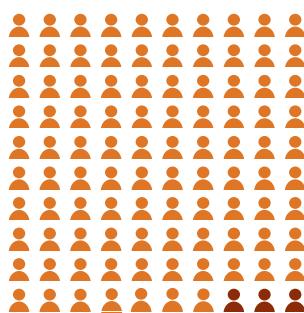
CANNABIS



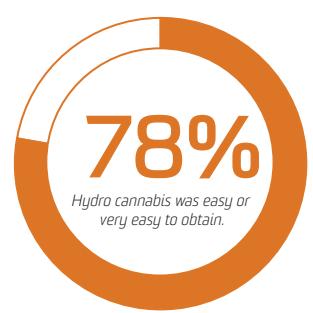
Past 6 month use of any cannabis increased from 83% in 2019 to 91% in 2020.



Of those who had consumed cannabis recently, over half (63%) reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of people who had consumed cannabis in the last 6 months, 97% had smoked it.



Of those who could comment 78% perceived hydro to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.