Science



## MATHEMATICS ENRICHMENT CLUB. Problem Sheet 8, June 16, $2015^1$

- 1. How many integral solutions (x, y) are there for the equation  $x^2 y^2 = 1999$  (Note that 1999 is prime).
- 2. Let  $\triangle ABC$  be a right-angled triangle with sides of length |AB| = a, |BC| = b and |CA| = c and  $\angle CAB = 90^{\circ}$ . A circle is inscribed in  $\triangle ABC$  such that the circle intersects each side of the  $\triangle ABC$  exactly once. Find the radius of the circle in terms of a, b and c.
- 3. Let N be a number of the form  $N = \underbrace{333\ldots 333}_{61\times 3's}$ , and M a number of the form  $M = \underbrace{666\ldots 666}_{62\times 6's}$ . Find  $N\times M$ .
- 4. Let x be a positive odd number, and a positive integer greater than 2. If  $a^x$  has remainder  $r_1$  when divided by (a-1) and  $r_2$  when divided by (a+1), find  $r_1 + r_2$ .
- 5. Let [x] denotes the greatest integer less than or equal to x, where x is some real number. How many positive integers less than 1001 can be expressed in the form [2x] + [4x] + [6x] + [8x]?
- 6. On a bicycle, tyre wear is proportional to distance traveled, front tyre lasting x kilometres and rear tyre lasting y kilometres. (x < y). An advertisement claims that a set of tyres lasts at least (x + y)/2 kilometres provided you interchange front and rear tyre after an appropriate distance. Investigate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Some problems from UNSW's publication *Parabola*.

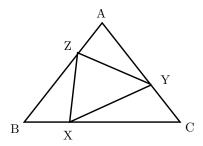
## **Senior Questions**

1. Consider the quadratic equation

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2(c+1)x + c - 3,$$

where c is some real number. Let  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ , and suppose  $\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha}$  and  $2 - \beta - \frac{1}{\beta}$  are the roots of f(x). Find all possible values for c.

- 2. Let  $\triangle ABC$  be a triangle and X,Y,Z points on the sides BC,CA,AB respectively. Suppose  $BX \leq XC,CY \leq YA,AZ \leq ZB$ . Show that
  - (a) The area of  $\triangle XYZ$  is not less than one quarter of the area of  $\triangle ABC$ .
  - (b) One of the corner triangles  $\triangle AZY$ ,  $\triangle BXZ$ ,  $\triangle CYZ$  has area not greater than the area of  $\triangle XYZ$ .



- 3. Given that a, b and c are positive integers, find the conditions for which the equation  $\sqrt{a} b = \sqrt{c}$  has a solution.
- 4. (bonus) Infinitely many physicists walks into a pub. The first physicist orders a beer, the second orders half a beer, the third a quarter, the fourth an  $8^{th}$  and so on. The bartender happens to be a math student, what would the bartender tell the physicists?