



Australia's  
Global  
University

School of Civil and Environmental Engineering

Term 1, 2020

# GMAT9205 FUNDAMENTALS OF GEO-POSITIONING

## COURSE DETAILS

|  |   |                                      |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Units of Credit</b>                 | 6   |                                      |
| <b>Contact hours</b>                   | 4 hours per week                          |                                      |
| <b>Class</b>                           | Thursday: 2:00pm - 5:00pm                 | UNSW Business School 232 (K-E12-232) |
| <b>Workshop</b>                        | Thursday: 5:00pm – 6:00pm                 | Civil Engineering 201 (K-H20-201)    |
| <b>Course Coordinator and Lecturer</b> | Associate Professor Jinling Wang          |                                      |
|  | email: jinling.wang@unsw.edu.au           |                                      |
|  | office: CE413, Civil Engineering Building |                                      |
|  | phone: 9385 4203                          |                                      |

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

This 6 UoC course is one of the core/compulsory subjects in the MEngSc specialisation: Geospatial Engineering. This course introduces basic knowledge of geo-positioning to support your studies in other courses within these specialisations. This course will also provide a foundation for postgraduate research programs in the areas of surveying, satellite navigation, geodesy and geospatial technology. This course is designed to provide fundamental geospatial concepts and skills for students from various backgrounds, such as, civil, transport, geotechnical and environmental engineering, telecommunication, mining, mechatronic engineering, computer software engineering, etc.

Exclusion Course: GMAT2700

## HANDBOOK DESCRIPTION

Basic concept of geodesy, fundamentals of positioning, Cartesian and geodetic coordinate systems and datums for geospatial information applications, including mathematical conversions between geodetic, Cartesian and topocentric coordinate systems, basic ellipsoid geometry, and transformations between national and international datums. Orthometric and ellipsoid height systems, and geoid models for height transformations. Principles and classifications of map projections and the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection in particular. Emphasis on Australian datums and projections: AGD/AMG, GDA/MGA and AHD. Fundamentals of Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) and their applications in geopositioning. Introduction to principles of geopositioning using GPS/GNSS techniques. Geo-referencing of space/airborne and land-based spatial information acquisition systems. Lectures complemented with class discussions, lab computations, and field exercises in the use of GPS/GNSS equipment.

See link to virtual handbook as <http://www.handbook.unsw.edu.au/postgraduate/courses/2020/GMAT9205.html>

## OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are

- to enhance your knowledge and skills in surveying and geospatial technology gained in previous studies and professional practices;
- to introduce you to the basic concepts of positioning and geodesy;
- to extend your knowledge base to the areas of coordinate reference systems, geospatial reference frames/datums, and map projections,
- to provide you with the concept and theory of satellite-based precise positioning and applications;
- to provide an environment that fosters in our students the following attributes:

| Attributes   | Related to this course |
|--|------------------------|
| the skills involved in scholarly enquiry   | Significant            |
| an in-depth engagement with relevant disciplinary knowledge in its interdisciplinary context | Significant            |
| the capacity for analytical and critical thinking and for creative problem solving           | Significant            |
| the ability to engage in independent and reflective learning                                 | Some                   |
| the skills to locate, evaluate and use relevant information (Information Literacy)           | Some                   |
| the capacity for enterprise, initiative and creativity                                       | Minimal                |
| a capacity to contribute to, and work within, the international community                    | Minimal                |
| the skills required for collaborative and multidisciplinary work                             | Minimal                |
| the skills of effective communication.   | Significant            |

More details on how the teaching and learning activities in this course are linked to each of these attributes will be discussed in classes.

## TEACHING STRATEGIES

A variety of teaching activities will be conducted to achieve optimal teaching and learning outcomes. Major teaching activities in this course are:

- 1) Regular lectures;
- 2) Workshop case studies;
- 3) GPS/GNSS practical;
- 4) Regular quizzes, and discussions on the questions from the quizzes;
- 5) Class discussions.

The most important factors in learning are students' commitment and learning methods. You are encouraged to attend all the lectures and other teaching activities. In addition, relevant resources on the web (visit the course website for details) are of great help in understanding the basic concepts discussed in the lectures and the trends in the discipline of surveying and geospatial engineering, including modern positioning/mapping, navigation and timing technologies.

Based on some studies by a higher education research expert John Biggs, most active students in the class do not just listen, see, collect notes and take notes, but most importantly, they will *“express understanding; raise issues, speculate, solve problems, discuss, answer questions and reflect”*. Students are strongly encouraged to do sufficient preparation for class discussions on selected topics.

An example of the approaches to learning is:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Lectures</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Find out what you must learn</li> <li>• See methods that are not in the textbook</li> <li>• Follow worked examples</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Visit Sydney Observatory</b>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Familiarise the history of the timing and navigation;</li> <li>• Ask questions on the invited talks</li> <li>• Reflect on the evolution of timing and reference frames</li> </ul> |
| <b>GPS/GNSS Practical</b>                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the concepts through hands-on work,</li> <li>• Set studies in context</li> <li>• Demonstrate data analysis and presentation skills</li> </ul>                          |
| <b>Workshop case studies</b>                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Practice solving set problems</li> <li>• Ask questions</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Assessments (quizzes, class presentations, reports etc.)</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate your knowledge and skills</li> <li>• Demonstrate higher understanding and problem solving</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Private Study</b>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review lecture material and textbook</li> <li>• Do set problems and assignments</li> <li>• Reflect on class problems and assignments</li> </ul>                                   |

## EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

*This course is designed to address the learning outcomes below and the corresponding Engineers Australia Stage 1 Competency Standards for Professional Engineers as shown. The full list of Stage 1 Competency Standards may be found in Appendix A.*

By the end of this Semester you should be able to

| Learning Outcomes (LO) |   | EA Stage 1 Competencies    |
|------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 1.                     | <i>Describe the basic concepts of geo-positioning and geodesy</i>   | <i>PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.6</i> |
| 2.                     | <i>Explain geospatial reference systems and frames/datums for geospatial information and mapping applications;</i>      | <i>PE1.2, PE1.3, PE1.4</i> |
| 3.                     | <i>Master map projection concepts, and understand the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection in particular;</i> | <i>PE1.5, PE2.1, PE2.3</i> |
| 4.                     | <i>Explain the principles of GPS/GNSS positioning methods;</i>  | <i>PE2.2, PE2.3, PE3.3</i> |
| 5.                     | <i>Appreciate the role of GNSS-based geo-positioning in geospatial information collection;</i>                          | <i>PE2.4, PE3.3, PE3.4</i> |

*At UNSW, Normal workload expectations for each program are a minimum of 25 hours per semester per unit of credit, including class contact hours, preparation and time spent on all assessable work.*

**For each hour of contact it is expected that you will put in at least 1.5 hours of self-centred and self-directed study: for example, reading the course related materials provided through the course website and reflect on the conceptual framework discussed in the classes.**

|                       |
|-----------------------|
| <b>COURSE PROGRAM</b> |
|-----------------------|

(The time slots for **visiting Sydney Observatory and GPS/GNSS Practical** as well as any other changes will be notified in the class and at the course website).

| <b>Week No.</b> | <b>Starting Date</b> | <b>Thursdsday: 2:00pm-5:00pm<br/>Lecture Topics</b>   | <b>Thursdsday: 5:00pm-6:00pm<br/>Workshops</b>  | <b>Assignment Due</b>     |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| 1               | 17 February          | Positioning concept;<br>Introduction to geodesy   | Use of Matlab in positioning computations   |                           |
| 2               | 24 February          | Time and Coordinate reference systems; Reference frames. Geodesy, earth motion; Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) concept                                    | Geodesy and earth motion; Timing systems  |                           |
| 3               | 2 March              | <b>Quiz 1</b><br>Geodetic frames and datums;<br>Coordinate transformation   | Case study on coordinate transformations  | Quiz 1                    |
| 4               | 9 March              | Earth's gravity field; geoid and height systems;  | <b>Class Discussion A</b><br>on the roles of reference frames in Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) | Class Presentation A      |
| 5               | 16 March             | <b>Quiz 2</b><br>Introduction to GPS/GNSS; Single point positioning/differential positioning methods  | Least-squares and GPS/GNSS Positioning; GPS/GNSS Equipment Demonstration                                  | Quiz 2                    |
| 6               | 23 March             | Field Trip Week (This time slot rescheduled for visiting Sydney Observatory) – No class   | Field Trip Week (This time slot rescheduled for visiting Sydney Observatory) – No class                   |                           |
| 7               | 30 March             | Precise GPS/GNSS positioning; Integration of GPS with Inertial Navigation System (INS)  | Pseudoranges vs. carrier phases; Positioning vs Mapping; 3D Point Cloud                                   |                           |
| 8               | 6 April              | <b>Quiz 3</b><br>Map projection: Principle, Basic theory and Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection   | Case study on coordinate transformation between GDA and MGA   | Quiz 3                    |
| 9               | 13 April             | No Class (GPS/GNSS Practical (time slots are to be rescheduled for individual groups)   | No Class (GPS/GNSS Practical (time slots are to be rescheduled for individual groups)                     | GPS/GNSS Practical Report |
| 10              | 20 April             | <b>Class Discussion B</b><br>on Geo-positioning applications in civil, structural, transport, environmental engineering; Future trends in geo-positioning and mappi | Revisions/advice on how to prepare for the exam   | Class Presentation B      |

## ASSESSMENT

Assessment for this course includes:

| Assessment Items      | Length   | Weight | Learning outcomes (LO) assessed | Due date* | Deadline for absolute fail* | Marks returned |
|-----------------------|----------|--------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Quiz 1                | 20 mins  | 5%     | LO: 1                           | Week 3    | Week 3                      | Week 4         |
| Quiz 2                | 20 mins  | 10%    | LO: 2                           | Week 5    | Week 5                      | Week 7         |
| Quiz 3                | 20 mins  | 10%    | LO: 3, 4                        | Week 8    | Week 8                      | Week 10        |
| GNSS practical report | 30 pages | 15%    | LO: 4, 5                        | Week 9    | Week 9                      | Week 10        |
| Class presentation A  | 10 mins  | 5%     | LO: 1, 2                        | Week 4    | Week 4                      | Week 5         |
| Class presentation B  | 10 mins  | 10%    | LO: 3, 4, 5                     | Week 10   | Week 10                     | Week 11        |
| Final Exam            | 2 hours  | 45%    | LO:1, 2, 3, 4, 5                |           |                             |                |

\*Due date/Deadline for absolute fail for the assessment item is the first class in the week specified in the above table.

### **Quizzes and Assessment Criteria:**

To reinforce the learning experience, quizzes will be given in “closed book” format during the lectures, see the details for the course program. Short answer questions will be asked on the materials presented in the previous lecturing period. Marks will be awarded for correct answers; partially correct answers will also be awarded with proportionally reduced marks. **The detailed marking scheme will be provided to students after each quiz as part of feedback.**

### **GNSS Practical Report and Assessment Criteria**

Each student will be a member of a group of 4-6 students to carry out the GPS/GNSS positioning field work. The joint submission for the GPS/GNSS practical report requires considerable interaction between the students. Further information about the practical will be distributed during the lectures. All the practical reports are assessed in terms of: 1) Presentation (20%); 2) Field Notes and Computations (40%); 3) In-depth discussions on relevant issues (40%). **The detailed marking scheme will be provided together with the practical instruction in Week 5.**

### **Class Discussion Presentations and Assessment Criteria:**

Students should regularly attend the lectures and participate actively in class discussions during the lectures. The students are invited to give two short presentations to the **class discussions in Week 4 and 10**. These short presentations will offer the opportunities for students, a) to demonstrate and enhance their understanding of the concepts covered in the lectures; b) to establish links between the concepts and real world applications of these concepts, c) to develop technical presentation skills. **The detailed marking scheme will be provided together with the class discussion instructions in Week 2 and 5.**

**Final Exam** will be of 2 hours duration. and will be held in the formal examination period, in ‘closed book’ format, but the ‘complicated’ formulae to be used in the exam will be provided in the examination paper. The final exam will cover all the contents covered in the course teaching activities. The formal exam scripts will not be returned. Your mark for the final exam will be included into the final mark for the course. The final mark for the course will be officially available to you via myUNSW. You may find the key dates for the UNSW exams at: <https://student.unsw.edu.au/exam-dates>

### **Note:**

- 1) If a student is unable to submit on time due to illness or other legitimate reason, then a brief written explanation must be given to the lecturer for consideration as soon as is feasible. In some cases the lecturer may grant an extension to the submission date provided he has been contacted before the due date. Otherwise, the marks for late submissions will be reduced: -10% (of the maximum mark) for each day late.
- 2) The course coordinator reserves the right to adjust the final marks by scaling if agreed to by the Head of School.
- 3) Supplementary Examinations for Term 1 2020 will be held on Monday 25<sup>th</sup> – Friday 29<sup>th</sup> May (inclusive) should you be required to sit one. You are required to be available during these dates. Please do not to make any personal or travel arrangements during this period.

## RELEVANT RESOURCES

### Lecture Materials

The course materials will be available through “Moodle”: <http://moodle.telf.unsw.edu.au/>

The Power Point lecture slides are available for download as PDF files at the course website.

*Electronic resources on the lecture topics are available at the course website.*

The class notes, latest journal articles and references related the course topics will be referred to and/or distributed during the lectures.

### Text and Reference Books

Rizos C. (1997) *Principles and Practice of GPS Surveying*, Monograph No. 17, School of Surveying and Spatial Information Systems, UNSW. Online at: [http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school\\_pubs/pdfmono/mono17.pdf](http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school_pubs/pdfmono/mono17.pdf)

Bossler, J., Jenson, J., McMaster, R., & Rizos, C. (eds.) (2002). *Manual of Geospatial Science and Technology*. Taylor & Francis Inc., ISBN 0-7484-0924-6, 623pp.

Mather, R.S. (1978) *The Theory and Geodetic Use of Some Common Projections*, Monograph 1, School of Surveying & Spatial Information Systems, UNSW.

Online at: [http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school\\_pubs/pdfmono/mono1.pdf](http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school_pubs/pdfmono/mono1.pdf)

Stolz, A. (2001) *An Introduction to Geodesy*, Monograph 16, School of Surveying & Spatial Information Systems, UNSW. Online at: [http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school\\_pubs/pdfmono/mono16.pdf](http://www.sage.unsw.edu.au/about/school_pubs/pdfmono/mono16.pdf)

### Computational Aids

Pocket calculators are required during lecturing hours, for exercises and practicals in this course. They have to be hand-held, internally powered and silent. They must be brought to all lectures and practicals. Computer software relevant to this course and available in the School's computer lab CE611/201, includes: Matlab or MicroSoft Excel, which will be used for exercises and GPS/GNSS practical reports, see the practical instructions for details.

## DATES TO NOTE

Refer to MyUNSW for Important Dates available at:

<https://student.unsw.edu.au/dates>

## PLAGIARISM

Beware! An assignment that includes plagiarised material will receive a 0% Fail, and students who plagiarise may fail the course. Students who plagiarise are also liable to disciplinary action, including exclusion from enrolment.

Plagiarism is the use of another person's work or ideas as if they were your own. When it is necessary or desirable to use other people's material you should adequately acknowledge whose words or ideas they are and where you found them (giving the complete reference details, including page number(s)). The Learning Centre provides further information on what constitutes Plagiarism at:

<https://student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism>

**All assignments and assessment items should be submitted with a signed Assessment Cover Sheet:**

I declare that this assessment item is my own work, except where acknowledged, and has not been submitted for academic credit elsewhere, and acknowledge that the assessor of this item may, for the purpose of assessing this item:

Reproduce this assessment item and provide a copy to another member of the University; and/or,

Communicate a copy of this assessment item to a plagiarism checking service (which may then retain a copy of the assessment item on its database for the purpose of future plagiarism checking).

I certify that I have read and understood the University Rules in respect of Student Academic Misconduct.

Signed: .....date:

**ACADEMIC ADVICE**

(Formerly known as Common School Information)

For information about:

- Notes on assessments and plagiarism,
- School policy on Supplementary exams,
- Special Considerations: [student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration](https://student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration)
- Solutions to Problems,
- Year Managers and Grievance Officer of Teaching and Learning Committee, and
- CEVSOC.

Refer to Academic Advice on the School website available at:

<https://www.engineering.unsw.edu.au/civil-engineering/student-resources/policies-procedures-and-forms/academic-advice>

## Appendix A: Engineers Australia (EA) Competencies

### Stage 1 Competencies for Professional Engineers

|  | <b>Program Intended Learning Outcomes</b>   |
|--|---|
| <b>PE1: Knowledge and Skill Base</b>             | PE1.1 Comprehensive, theory-based understanding of underpinning fundamentals                          |
|  | PE1.2 Conceptual understanding of underpinning maths, analysis, statistics, computing                 |
|  | PE1.3 In-depth understanding of specialist bodies of knowledge  |
|  | PE1.4 Discernment of knowledge development and research directions                                    |
|  | PE1.5 Knowledge of engineering design practice  |
|  | PE1.6 Understanding of scope, principles, norms, accountabilities of sustainable engineering practice |
| <b>PE2: Engineering Application Ability</b>      | PE2.1 Application of established engineering methods to complex problem solving                       |
|  | PE2.2 Fluent application of engineering techniques, tools and resources                               |
|  | PE2.3 Application of systematic engineering synthesis and design processes                            |
|  | PE2.4 Application of systematic approaches to the conduct and management of engineering projects      |
| <b>PE3: Professional and Personal Attributes</b> | PE3.1 Ethical conduct and professional accountability   |
|  | PE3.2 Effective oral and written communication (professional and lay domains)                         |
|  | PE3.3 Creative, innovative and pro-active demeanour   |
|  | PE3.4 Professional use and management of information  |
|  | PE3.5 Orderly management of self, and professional conduct  |
|  | PE3.6 Effective team membership and team leadership   |