School of Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications

Semester 2, 2018
Course Outline

ELEC/TELE4623
BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION, MEASUREMENT AND DESIGN

COURSE STAFF

Course Convener: Dr. Reza Argha, Room 338, a.argha@unsw.edu.au
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Laboratory Contact: Dr. Reza Argha, Room 338, a.argha@unsw.edu.au
Prof. Branko Celler, Room 338, b.celler@unsw.edu.au

Consultations: You are encouraged to ask questions on the course material, after the lecture class times in the first instance, rather than via email. Lecturer consultation times will be advised during lectures. You are welcome to email the tutor or laboratory demonstrator, who can answer your questions on this course and can also provide you with consultation times. ALL email enquiries should be made from your student email address with ELEC/TELE4623 in the subject line; otherwise they will not be answered.

Keeping Informed: Announcements may be made during classes, via email (to your student email address) and/or via online learning and teaching platforms – in this course, we will use Moodle https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php. Please note that you will be deemed to have received this information, so you should take careful note of all announcements.

COURSE SUMMARY

Contact Hours
The course consists of 2 hours of lecture per week, 3 hours of laboratory session in 5 selected weeks, 1 hour of tutorial in 6 selected weeks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lectures</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>2-4pm</td>
<td>RedC M032 (K-H13-M032)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labs</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Stream 1: 9am - 12noon Week 3,5,7,10,12</td>
<td>ElecEngG13 (K-G17-G13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labs</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Stream 2: 3pm – 6pm Week 3,5,7,10,12</td>
<td>ElecEngG13 (K-G17-G13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tutorials</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>4pm – 5pm Week 1,2,4,8,10,12 Week 1 Tut is a Mini Lecture Week 2 Tut is for Lab organisation</td>
<td>Quad G040 (K-E15- G040)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Context and Aims
The aim of this course is to make the student familiar with the design and development of biomedical instrumentation for clinical measurement and biomedical research. The course will focus strongly on hardware and software design issues required to produce instruments, which satisfy Australian and International standards.
for safety, performance and quality control. Through this course, the student will be equipped with the fundamental knowledge required to become a professional engineer in the field of biomedical instrumentation.

A number of key concepts in bioinstrumentation development will be covered by this course; including the principles and operation of biopotential electrodes and biomedical sensors; the design of biopotential amplifiers for measurement of electrocardiogram (ECG); safety and performance standards for medical instrumentation; biomedical signal processing; and special topics on the measurement of blood pressure/flow and respiration.

This course is designed for students with an electrical engineering background, and students who undertake this course are not expected to have prior knowledge in human physiology and biology. Although students will learn some basic knowledge about human physiology and cardiovascular system from this course, the main focus is on the technical aspects of instrumentation design and signal processing.

Indicative Lecture Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Summary of Lecture Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Week 1</td>
<td>Introduction to biomedical instrumentation and physiological measurement. The origin of biopotentials and other biological signals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 2</td>
<td>Biopotential electrodes and tissue equivalent circuits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 3</td>
<td>Characteristics of biological and instrumentation noise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 4</td>
<td>Practical biopotential amplifier design and multilead ECG systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 5</td>
<td>Principles and operation of basic transducers and sensors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 6</td>
<td>Biological signal processing – filters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 8</td>
<td>Circulatory system and the measurement of blood pressure and flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 9</td>
<td>The measurement of respiratory flows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 10</td>
<td>Safety and performance standards (ASA, IEC and FDA) for medical instrumentation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 11</td>
<td>Principles of ultrasound imaging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 12</td>
<td>Lecture + Tutorial period devoted to Project presentations. * Assignment is due on this week. * Project report is due this week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 13</td>
<td>No Lecture scheduled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indicative Laboratory Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Summary of Laboratory Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Week 3</td>
<td>Use of the Telemonitoring system to record vital signs – No report, attendance is compulsory!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 5</td>
<td>Electrical Characteristics of biopotential electrodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 7</td>
<td>Design, testing and analysis of a high quality isolated biopotential amplifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 10</td>
<td>Frequency response of BP measurement system + Respiratory flows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 12</td>
<td>Electrical Safety Testing of Biomedical Equipment – No report, attendance is compulsory!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Break

Assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory Practical Experiments</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Seminar</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam (2 hours)</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COURSE DETAILS

Credits
This is a 6 UoC course and the expected workload is 10–12 hours per week throughout the 13 week semester.

Relationship to Other Courses
This course is offered as a professional elective course in the fourth year of the Electrical Engineering degree or in the postgraduate program.

Pre-requisites and Assumed Knowledge

ELEC/TELE 3104 Digital Signal Processing (or equivalent)
ELEC/TELE 3114 Systems and Controls 1 (or equivalent)

* For postgraduate students who did not take the above subjects in UNSW, please make sure that you have taken the equivalent subjects in your universities.

Learning outcomes

After the successful completion of the course, the student should be able to:

1- Appreciate the issues and considerations involved in the design and development of biomedical instrumentation for clinical measurement and biomedical research
2- Understand the basic principles and operation of biopotential electrodes and biomedical sensors
3- Design a biopotential amplifier for ECG measurement
4- Consider the need to satisfy safety and performance standards in the development of medical instrumentation
5- Develop skills in biomedical signal processing using Matlab

It is hoped that students will also develop a strong interest in the research and development of biomedical instrumentation upon the completion of this course.

This course is designed to provide the above learning outcomes that arise from targeted graduate capabilities listed in Appendix A. The targeted graduate capabilities broadly support the UNSW and Faculty of Engineering graduate attributes (listed in Appendix B). This course also addresses the Engineers Australia (National Accreditation Body) Stage I competency standard as outlined in Appendix C.

Syllabus

TEACHING STRATEGIES

Delivery Mode
The teaching in this course aims at establishing a good fundamental understanding of the areas covered using:

- Formal face-to-face lectures, which provide you with a focus on the core analytical material in the course, together with qualitative, alternative explanations to aid your understanding;
• Tutorials, which allow for exercises in problem solving and allow time for you to resolve problems in understanding of lecture material;
• Laboratory sessions, which support the formal lecture material and also provide you with practical construction, measurement and debugging skills;

Learning in this course
You are expected to attend all lectures, tutorials, and labs, in order to maximise learning. You must prepare well for your laboratory classes and your lab work will be assessed. In addition to the lecture notes, you should read relevant sections of the recommended text. Reading additional texts will further enhance your learning experience. Group learning is also encouraged. UNSW assumes that self-directed study of this kind is undertaken in addition to attending face-to-face classes throughout the course.

Tutorial classes
You should attempt all of your problem sheet questions in advance of attending the tutorial classes. The importance of adequate preparation prior to each tutorial cannot be overemphasized, as the effectiveness and usefulness of the tutorial depends to a large extent on this preparation. Group learning is encouraged. Answers for these questions will be discussed during the tutorial class and the tutor will cover the more complex questions in the tutorial class. In addition, during the tutorial class, 1-2 new questions that are not in your notes may be provided by the tutor, for you to try in class. These questions and solutions may not be made available on the web, so it is worthwhile for you to attend your tutorial classes to gain maximum benefit from this course.

Laboratory program
The laboratory schedule is deliberately designed to provide practical, hands-on exposure to the concepts conveyed in lectures soon after they are covered in class. You are required to attend laboratory at the selected weeks. Laboratory attendance WILL be kept, and you MUST attend at least 80% of labs.

Laboratory Exemption
There is no laboratory exemption for this course. Regardless of whether equivalent labs have been completed in previous courses, all students enrolled in this course must take the labs. If, for medical reasons, (note that a valid medical certificate must be provided) you are unable to attend a lab, you will need to apply for a catch-up lab during another lab time, as agreed by the laboratory coordinator.

ASSESSMENT

The assessment scheme in this course reflects the intention to assess your learning progress through the semester.

Laboratory Assessment
Laboratories are primarily about learning, and the laboratory assessment is designed mainly to check your knowledge as you progress through each stage of the laboratory tasks. You are required to maintain a lab book for recording your observations. A lab book is an A4 size notebook containing a mix of plain pages and graph sheets. You have to purchase your own lab book from any stores.

It is essential that you complete the laboratory preparation before coming to the lab. You are required to write the aim of the experiment and draw the circuit diagram if any in your lab book. This will be verified and signed by your demonstrators in the lab. You will be recording your observations/readings in your lab book first and then completing and submitting the results sheet before leaving the lab.

After completing each experiment, your work will be assessed by the laboratory demonstrator. Both the results sheet and your lab book will be assessed by the laboratory demonstrator.

Assessment marks will be awarded according to your preparation (completing set preparation exercises and correctness of these or readiness for the lab in terms of pre-reading), how much of the lab you were able to complete, your understanding of the experiments conducted during the lab, the quality of the code you write during your lab work (according to the guidelines given in lectures), and your understanding of the topic covered by the lab.
Assignment
The assignment allows self-directed study leading to the solution of partly structured problems. Marks will be assigned according to how completely and correctly the problems have been addressed, the quality of the code written for the assignment (must be attached to the report), and the understanding of the course material demonstrated by the report.

The assignment report will be due at the Wednesday lecture in Week 12. Late reports will attract a penalty of 10% per day (including weekends).

Final Exam
The exam in this course is a standard closed-book 2 hours written examination. University approved calculators are allowed. The examination tests analytical and critical thinking and general understanding of the course material in a controlled fashion. Questions may be drawn from any aspect of the course (including laboratory), unless specifically indicated otherwise by the lecturer. Marks will be assigned according to the correctness of the responses. Please note that you must pass the final exam in order to pass the course.

Relationship of Assessment Methods to Learning Outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessment</th>
<th>Learning outcomes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory practical assessments</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final exam</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COURSE RESOURCES

Textbooks
Prescribed textbook

Reference books

On-line resources
Moodle
As a part of the teaching component, Moodle will be used to disseminate teaching materials, host forums and occasionally quizzes. Assessment marks will also be made available via Moodle: https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php.

Mailing list
Announcements concerning course information will be given in the lectures and/or on Moodle and/or via email (which will be sent to your student email address).
OTHER MATTERS

Dates to note
Important Dates available at: https://student.unsw.edu.au/dates

Academic Honesty and Plagiarism
Plagiarism is the unacknowledged use of other people’s work, including the copying of assignment works and laboratory results from other students. Plagiarism is considered a form of academic misconduct, and the University has very strict rules that include some severe penalties. For UNSW policies, penalties and information to help you avoid plagiarism, see https://student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism. To find out if you understand plagiarism correctly, try this short quiz: https://student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism-quiz.

Student Responsibilities and Conduct
Students are expected to be familiar with and adhere to all UNSW policies (see https://student.unsw.edu.au/guide), and particular attention is drawn to the following:

Workload
It is expected that you will spend at least ten to twelve hours per week studying a 6 UoC course, from Week 1 until the final assessment, including both face-to-face classes and independent, self-directed study. In periods where you need to complete assignments or prepare for examinations, the workload may be greater. Over-commitment has been a common source of failure for many students. You should take the required workload into account when planning how to balance study with employment and other activities.

Attendance
Regular and punctual attendance at all classes is expected. UNSW regulations state that if students attend less than 80% of scheduled classes they may be refused final assessment.

General Conduct and Behaviour
Consideration and respect for the needs of your fellow students and teaching staff is an expectation. Conduct which unduly disrupts or interferes with a class is not acceptable and students may be asked to leave the class.

Work Health and Safety
UNSW policy requires each person to work safely and responsibly, in order to avoid personal injury and to protect the safety of others.

Special Consideration and Supplementary Examinations
You must submit all assignments and attend all examinations scheduled for your course. You should seek assistance early if you suffer illness or misadventure which affects your course progress. All applications for special consideration must be lodged online through myUNSW within 3 working days of the assessment, not to course or school staff. For more detail, consult https://student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration.

Continual Course Improvement
This course is under constant revision in order to improve the learning outcomes for all students. Please forward any feedback (positive or negative) on the course to the course convener or via the online student survey myExperience. You can also provide feedback to ELSOC who will raise your concerns at student focus group meetings. As a result of previous feedback obtained for this course and in our efforts to provide a rich and meaningful learning experience, we have continued to evaluate and modify our delivery and assessment methods.

Administrative Matters
On issues and procedures regarding such matters as special needs, equity and diversity, occupational health and safety, enrolment, rights, and general expectations of students, please refer to the School and UNSW policies:
https://student.unsw.edu.au/guide
https://www.engineering.unsw.edu.au/electrical-engineering/resources
APPENDICES

Appendix A: Targeted Graduate Capabilities

Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications programs are designed to address the following targeted capabilities which were developed by the school in conjunction with the requirements of professional and industry bodies:

- The ability to apply knowledge of basic science and fundamental technologies;
- The skills to communicate effectively, not only with engineers but also with the wider community;
- The capability to undertake challenging analysis and design problems and find optimal solutions;
- Expertise in decomposing a problem into its constituent parts, and in defining the scope of each part;
- A working knowledge of how to locate required information and use information resources to their maximum advantage;
- Proficiency in developing and implementing project plans, investigating alternative solutions, and critically evaluating differing strategies;
- An understanding of the social, cultural and global responsibilities of the professional engineer;
- The ability to work effectively as an individual or in a team;
- An understanding of professional and ethical responsibilities;
- The ability to engage in lifelong independent and reflective learning.

Appendix B: UNSW Graduate Capabilities

The course delivery methods and course content directly or indirectly addresses a number of core UNSW graduate capabilities, as follows

- Developing scholars who have a deep understanding of their discipline, through lectures and solution of analytical problems in tutorials and assessed by assignments and written examinations.
- Developing rigorous analysis, critique, and reflection, and ability to apply knowledge and skills to solving problems. These will be achieved by the laboratory experiments and interactive checkpoint assessments and lab exams during the labs.
- Developing capable independent and collaborative enquiry, through a series of tutorials spanning the duration of the course.
- Developing digital and information literacy and lifelong learning skills through assignment work.

Appendix C: Engineers Australia (EA) Professional Engineer Competency Standard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PE1: Knowledge and Skill Base</th>
<th>Program Intended Learning Outcomes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PE1.1 Comprehensive, theory-based understanding of underpinning fundamentals</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE1.2 Conceptual understanding of underpinning maths, analysis, statistics, computing</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE1.3 In-depth understanding of specialist bodies of knowledge</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE1.4 Discernment of knowledge development and research directions</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE1.5 Knowledge of engineering design practice</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE1.6 Understanding of scope, principles, norms, accountabilities of sustainable engineering practice</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### ELEC4623

**SUGGESTED PROJECT TOPICS**

1. Digital filters for elimination of 50 Hz noise from ECG recordings
2. Automated QRS detection from ECG
3. Automated pulse detection from arterial pressure or PPG waveform
4. Techniques and designs for minimization/identification of motion artefact (artifact) in ECG / PPG / arterial pressure
5. Application of machine learning / rule-based expert systems for diagnostic interpretation of the clinical (12 lead) ECG
6. Biomedical signal processing - A review of frequency spectrum analysis techniques including FFT, AR, cross-spectrum, coherence
7. Frequency domain spectral analysis of heart rate variability
8. Frequency domain spectral analysis of blood pressure variability
9. Nonlinear time series analysis of heart rate variability
10. Biomedical application of piezoelectric sensors (examples: accelerometry for motion, posture and energy expenditure, microphone for heart sound)
11. Biomedical application of absorption spectroscopy (examples: pulse oximetry, near infrared spectroscopy for O$_2$, capnography for CO$_2$)
12. Biomedical application of bioimpedance / impedance plethysmography (examples: fluid content, body fat)
13. A commercial ECG monitor (examples: PageWriter ECG cart, ECG recorder from Nikhon Cohden, Siemens, Marquette)
14. A technique/product for automated non-invasive measurement of blood pressure (examples: oscillometric, auscultatory)
15. A technique/product for non-invasive continuous measurement of blood pressure (examples: arterial tonometer, Finapres / Portapres)
16. A technique/product for non-invasive measurement of cardiac output (examples: Doppler ultrasound, impedance cardiography / thoracic bioimpedance, arterial pulse contour e.g. Modelflow)
17. A technique/product for non-invasive measurement of arterial pulse wave velocity (examples: Sphygmoscor, CompHior)
18. A technique/product for measurement of peripheral blood flow / volume (examples: Laser Doppler flowmetry, venous-occlusion plethysmography)
19. A technique/product for respiratory measurement (examples: spirometer, gas analyzer, inductance plethysmography)
20. A technique/product for body temperature measurement (examples: Non-contact infra-red measurement of tympanic temperature)
21. Non-invasive blood glucose monitoring
22. Wearable biosensor (examples: PPG ring sensor by MIT, forehead pulse oximeter, Lifeshirt)
23. Application of wireless sensor network in mobile physiological monitoring

The approach to these topics will in general involve some library / internet research to source material, including books, journals and conference papers. A good review paper / book chapter will be an ideal starting point. Some useful search engines include Google, PubMed (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/) and IEEE Xplore (http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/Xplore/dynhome.jsp).

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