












HS619





The Nine Classes of Dangerous Goods



UNSW
AUSTRALIA

<p>1 <u>Class 1 Explosives</u></p> <p>1.1 e.g. <i>Tri Nitro Toluene (TNT)</i> 1.2 e.g. <i>ammunition</i> 1.3 e.g. <i>propellant powder, fireworks</i> 1.4 <i>present no significant hazard</i> 1.5 <i>insensitive substances with mass explosion hazard</i> 1.6 <i>extremely insensitive articles – no mass explosion hazard</i></p>	
<p>2 <u>Class 2.1 Flammable Gas</u></p> <p>e.g. Hydrogen, Acetylene, Propane</p>	
<p>3 <u>Class 2.2 Non flammable, Non-toxic gas</u></p> <p>e.g. Nitrogen, Helium, Carbon Dioxide</p>	
<p><i>Class 2.2 with Subsidiary Risk 5.1</i></p> <p>e.g. Oxygen</p>	
<p><i>Class 2.3 Toxic Gas</i></p> <p>e.g. Chlorine, Hydrogen Sulphide, Carbon Monoxide, Sulphur Dioxide, Silane, Germane</p>	

<p><i>Class 3 Flammable liquid</i></p> <p>Packing Group 1 (greatest danger) e.g. > Carbon disulphide, Diethyl ether</p> <p>Packing Group 2 > Acetone, Methanol, Ethanol</p> <p>Packing Group 3 > Xylene, Chloroform, Dichloromethane</p>	
<p>4 <u>Class 4 Flammable Solids</u></p> <p>4.1 Flammable solids readily combustible and may cause fire due to friction e.g. magnesium metal, alkali metals</p>	
<p>4.2 Substances liable to Spontaneous Combustion</p> <p>e.g. white phosphorous and potassium metal</p>	
<p>4.3 Substance that in contact with water emit flammable gases which can form explosive mixtures in air</p> <p>e.g. white phosphorous, calcium carbide, magnesium, lithium, sodium</p>	
<p>5 <u>Class 5.1 Oxidising Substances</u></p> <p>Oxidising substances are not necessarily combustible may readily liberate Oxygen and increase the violence of a fire</p> <p>e.g. Calcium hypochlorite, ammonium nitrate</p>	
<p>6 <u>Class 5.2 Organic Peroxides</u></p> <p>Materials that may be liable to explosive decomposition may burn rapidly and are sensitive to impact or friction.</p> <p>e.g. dibenzoyl peroxide</p>	

<p>7 <u>Class 6.1 Toxic Substances</u> Also divided into 3 packing groups: Packing group 1 (greatest danger, Packing group 2 and Packing group 3) e.g. Ethidium bromide, benzene, mercury, pesticides, arsenic</p>	
<p>8 <u>Class 6.2 Infectious Substances</u> e.g. vaccines, pathology specimens</p>	
<p>9 <u>Class 7 Radioactive substances</u></p>	
<p>10 <u>Class 8 Corrosive Substances</u> e.g. Hydrochloric acid, Sulphuric acid, Hydrofluoric acid, Sodium Hydroxide, Amines</p>	
<p>11 <u>Class 9 Miscellaneous</u> Non-specific classification includes substances that have potentially dangerous properties that are relatively minor or are not covered by other classes e.g. polychlorinated biphenyls, lithium batteries</p>	