## MATHEMATICS ENRICHMENT CLUB. ${ }^{1}$ Problem Sheet 6, June 11, 2013

1. The product of the ages in years of two adults is 770 . What is the sum of their ages?
2. An automatic card shuffler always re-arranges the cards in the same way. The cards begin in the order A, $2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10, \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{K}$ and after 2 shuffles the order is $6,5, \mathrm{~K}, 10, \mathrm{Q}, 8,2,3,7, \mathrm{~J}, 9, \mathrm{~A}, 4$. What order do we get if we shuffle them three times?
3. (a) Show that the median to the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle has length exactly half the length of the hypotenuse.
(b) Let $A, B, C$ be a triangle with $A_{1}, B_{1}, C_{1}$ the midpoints of the sides $B C, C A, A B$ respectively. Let $D$ be the foot of the perpendicular from $A$ to $B C$. Show that $B_{1} C_{1} D$ is congruent to $B_{1} C_{1} A_{1}$.
4. Find all positive integers $m$ and $n$ such that $3 m-1$ is a multiple of $n$ and $3 n-1$ is a multiple of $m$.
(Hint: Suppose $m \leq n$, then $n$ divides $3 m-1<3 m \leq 3 n$.)
5. We write $\phi(n)$ to be the number of positive integers less or equal to $n$ and relatively prime to $n$ (i.e. the number of numbers which have no common factor with $n$ except 1.)
(a) Find $\phi(12), \phi(30)$.
(b) Suppose $p$ is prime, find $\phi(p), \phi\left(p^{2}\right), \phi\left(p^{3}\right)$.
(c) If $p$ and $q$ are two different primes, find $\phi(p q)$ (in factored form).
6. Suppose $S$ is the intersection of the three medians in triangle $A B C$. A straight line is drawn through $S$ parallel to $B C$ meeting $A C$ at $T$. What is the ratio of the area of $A S T$ to the area of $A B C$ ?

## Senior Questions

1. Suppose that $n$ is an odd integer greater than 3. Find the number of positive and negative (real) roots of $2 x^{n}-n x^{2}+1=0$.

[^0]2. Let $f(x)=\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x}$.
(a) Prove that $\frac{f^{\prime}(x)}{f(x)}=\log \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)-\frac{1}{1+x}$.
(b) By considering the area under the curve $y=\frac{1}{t}$ for $t$ from 1 to $1+\frac{1}{x}$, show that $\log \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)>\frac{1}{1+x}$ and deduce that $f(x)$ is increasing.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Some of the problems here come from T. Gagen, Uni. of Syd. and from E. Szekeres, Macquarie Uni.

