



Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering

Course Outline

Semester 1 2018

AERO3660

**FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND
PROPULSION**

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1. Staff contact details

Contact details and consultation times for course convenor

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Consultation with me concerning this course will be available at a time to be decided.
Consultation by email should only be used as a very last resort as it is clumsy and inefficient.

Others who may be involved in the course

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Please see the course [Moodle](#).

2. Important links

- [Moodle](#)
- [UNSW Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering](#)
- [Course Outlines](#)
- [Student intranet](#)
- [UNSW Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering Facebook](#)
- [UNSW Handbook](#)

3. Course details

Credit Points

This is a 6 unit-of-credit (UoC) course, and involves **3** hours per week (h/w) of face-to-face contact.

The UNSW website states “The normal workload expectations of a student are approximately 25 hours per semester for each UoC, including class contact hours, other learning activities, preparation and time spent on all assessable work. Thus, for a full-time enrolled student, the normal workload, averaged across the 16 weeks of teaching, study and examination periods, is about 37.5 hours per week.”

This means that you should aim to spend about 9 h/w on this course. The additional time should be spent in making sure that you understand the lecture material, completing the set assignments, further reading, and revising for any examinations.

Contact hours

	Day	Time	Location
Lectures	Monday	12pm – 2pm	Ainsworth 102
	Thursday	4pm – 5pm	Ainsworth 202
Consultations	Thursday	5pm – 6pm	Ainsworth 202

Please refer to your class timetable for the learning activities you are enrolled in and attend only those classes.

Summary and Aims of the course

Students will be introduced to the principles of flight performance as well as aerospace propulsion. We will briefly look at heat transfer and some advanced aspects of thermodynamics will be introduced as well.

The aims of the course are:

- To clearly differentiate between true and equivalent airspeeds.
- To give students an understanding of the atmosphere.
- To introduce the analysis of compressible flow.
- To introduce a mathematical approximation to the behaviour of gas turbine engines so as to enable students to develop a deeper understanding of how these engines work.
- To review air-standard analysis of Otto cycle reciprocating piston engines and to introduce the air-standard analysis of the Dual cycle.
- To introduce students to actuator disk theory and blade element theory for propeller analysis to ensure that students understand why propellers are shaped the way they are.
- To introduce students to wings and the usual approach to the decomposition of drag and to make them aware of this approach's limitations.
- To introduce students to methods for calculating the properties of gas mixtures and to the basics of chemical reaction thermodynamics.
- To introduce students to the Breguet range and endurance equations and to enable them firstly to see how the assumptions used in the development of this equation limits its validity and secondly to suggest approaches to improve the accuracy of range prediction.
- To emphasise the fact that the world is not undergoing an energy crisis as energy is always conserved. Instead, the students need to realise that it is the work potential (exergy or availability) of our energy sources that is being degraded.
- To introduce the analysis of steady-state climb and descent, turning flight and gliding flight and to link this Newtonian approach to energy methods.

- To introduce take-off and landing analysis.
- To introduce students to the differences between commercial and military gas turbines. Also to discuss the need to control the engine depending on operating conditions.
- To introduce students to rocket engine analysis.

Student learning outcomes

- To clearly differentiate between true and equivalent airspeeds.
- To understand how the properties of the atmosphere change with altitude.
- To understand when and how to use compressible flow analysis.
- To develop a deeper understanding of how gas turbine engines work.
- To appreciate the benefits of Dual cycle analysis over Otto cycle analysis.
- To understand actuator disk theory and blade element theory for propeller analysis and to be able to articulate why propellers are shaped the way they are.
- To gain an initial understanding of how wings develop lift and to understand the limitations of the usual approach to the decomposition of drag.
- To be able to calculate the properties of gas mixtures and the energy released during chemical reactions.
- To estimate range and endurance but more importantly understand the limits to the validity of the current methods.
- To realise that there is no energy crisis and to calculate the work potential of and exergy flows through gas turbine engines.
- To be able to analyse steady-state climb and descent, turning flight and gliding flight.
- To calculate take-off and landing distances and to see which parameters have to greatest influence.
- To appreciate the differences between commercial and military gas turbines.
- To understand the workings of rocket engines.

This course is designed to address the learning outcomes below and the corresponding Engineers Australia Stage 1 Competency Standards for Professional Engineers as shown. The full list of Stage 1 Competency Standards may be found in Appendix A.

After successfully completing this course, you should be able to:

Learning Outcome		EA Stage 1 Competencies
1	Understand the difference between true and equivalent airspeeds.	PE1.1, PE1.2.
2	Understand compressible flow analysis.	PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.3.
3	Understand how to apply mathematical analysis to predict flight performance and to recognise the shortcomings of analysis.	PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.3.
4	Understand the workings of modern propulsion systems (gas turbines, reciprocating piston engines, propellers, chemical rockets and ion thrusters)	PE2.1, PE2.2.

5	To appreciate the strengths and weaknesses of Cumpsty's approach in analysing the behaviour of gas turbines.	PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.3, PE2.1, PE2.2.
6	Understand further thermodynamic analysis and the basic mechanisms of heat transfer.	PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.3, PE2.1.
7	Understand the effects of altitude on propulsion.	PE1.1, PE1.2, PE1.3, PE2.1.

4. Teaching strategies

“Give a man a fish and you feed him for a day. Teach him how to fish and you feed him for a lifetime.” **Lao Tzu**

- Presentation of the material in lectures and discussions so that the students know how to approach complex engineering calculations required in industry.
- The problems I suggest you look at are intended to provide you with feedback and to allow you to investigate topics in greater depth. This is to ensure that you understand what you are being taught.

Consultation periods are designed to provide you with feedback and discussion on the problems that I would like you to do.

5. Course schedule

Week	Lecture Content
1	The atmosphere, airspeeds, an introduction to lift and drag, straight and level flight.
2	Introduction to gas turbines, net thrust, propulsive & component efficiencies. Internal compressible flows, convergent nozzles, convergent-divergent nozzles, normal and oblique shocks.
3	Breguet range and endurance equations, steady climb and descent.
4	Reciprocating piston engines, air-standard Otto cycle analysis, air-standard Dual (Seilliger) cycle analysis, air-standard Atkinson cycle analysis, the effect of supercharging (turbocharging), fuel systems, engine breathing, in-cylinder turbulence.
5	Introduction to propellers, dimensional analysis, actuator disk theory, Glauert blade element theory.
6	Turning flight, gliding flight, energy methods, take-off and landing.

7	Gas turbine layouts (turbojet, turboprop, turboshaft and turbofan) and component characteristics (inlets, compressors, turbines, combustors, fuel systems, nozzles, etc). Polytropic efficiencies of compressors and turbines.
8	Gas turbine engine matching in off-design conditions (plotting engine working lines with respect to compressor diagrams following Cumpsty's analytical approach) for single-spool turbojet, two-spool turbojet, single-spool turbofan, two-spool turbofan.
9	Exergy analysis of open and closed systems. Gas mixtures, the partition function and the effect of translational, rotational and vibrational modes of energy storage on the specific heat capacities of high-temperature gases. Constraints on combat gas turbine engines, the afterburner, fighter aircraft nozzles.
10	Chemical reactions, the air/fuel ratio, enthalpy of formation, 1 st law analysis, enthalpy of combustion, adiabatic flame temperature.
11	Introduction to chemical rockets, specific impulse, the Tsiolkovsky rocket equation, introduction to ion thrusters.
12	Introduction to heat transfer, conduction, convection and radiation.

The schedule shown may be subject to change at short notice to suit exigencies.

6. Assessment

Assessment overview

Assessment	Length	Weight	Learning outcomes assessed	Assessment criteria	Due date and submission requirements	Deadline for absolute fail	Marks returned
Assignments (2)	One short, One long	40% (1 x 10% and 1 x 30%)	1 - 7	All course content up to the date of the assignments.	At the start of the Monday lecture in weeks 3 and 10.	The start of the Monday lecture in weeks 4 and 11.	Two weeks after submission
Flight Simulation	1 hours	2%	1 – 7	-	On the day.	N/A	On the day
Bankstown Flight Experiments	4 days	8%	1 – 7	All course content from weeks 1-12 inclusive.	One week after the flight exercises.	Two weeks after the flight exercises.	Two weeks after submission.
Final exam	2 hours	50%	1 – 7	All course content from weeks 1-12 inclusive.	Exam period, date TBC.	N/A	Upon release of final results
TOTAL		100%					

All assessment materials can be found on Moodle. Assignment One will be uploaded to Moodle in Week Two, while Assignment Two will be uploaded to Moodle in Week Seven. The length of the assignment solutions will depend on you, but you need to show all working.

You will be assessed by a final examination as well as your continuous participation in completing two assignments. They will involve calculations. The assessments are based to allow you to obtain an understanding of the material being taught and will allow you to apply the concepts learnt in the course. In order to achieve a PASS (PS) in this course, you need to both achieve a total mark of at least 50%.

Assignments

Presentation

All submissions should have a standard School cover sheet which is available from this course's Moodle page.

All submissions are expected to be neat and clearly set out. Your results are the pinnacle of all your hard work and should be treated with due respect. Presenting results clearly gives the marker the best chance of understanding your method; even if the numerical results are incorrect.

Submission

Late submissions will be penalised 5 marks per calendar day (including weekends). An extension may only be granted in exceptional circumstances. Special consideration for assessment tasks must be processed through student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration.

It is always worth submitting late assessment tasks when possible. Completion of the work, even late, may be taken into account in cases of special consideration.

Where there is no special consideration granted, the 'deadline for absolute fail' in the table above indicates the time after which a submitted assignment will not be marked, and will achieve a score of zero for the purpose of determining overall grade in the course.

Marking

Marking guidelines for assignment submissions will be provided at the same time as assignment details to assist with meeting assessable requirements. Submissions will be marked according to the marking guidelines provided.

Examinations

You must be available for all tests and examinations. Final examinations for each course are held during the University examination periods, which are June for Semester 1 and November for Semester 2.

Provisional Examination timetables are generally published on myUNSW in May for Semester 1 and September for Semester 2

For further information on exams, please see the [Exams](#) section on the intranet.

Calculators

You will need to provide your own calculator, of a make and model approved by UNSW, for the examinations. The list of approved calculators is shown at student.unsw.edu.au/exam-approved-calculators-and-computers

It is your responsibility to ensure that your calculator is of an approved make and model, and to obtain an “Approved” sticker for it from the School Office or the Engineering Student Centre prior to the examination. Calculators not bearing an “Approved” sticker will not be allowed into the examination room.

Special consideration and supplementary assessment

For details of applying for special consideration and conditions for the award of supplementary assessment, see the [School intranet](#), and the information on UNSW’s [Special Consideration page](#).

7. Attendance

You are required to attend a minimum of 80% of all classes, including lectures, labs and seminars. It is possible to fail the course if your total absences equal to more than 20% of the required attendance. Please see the [School intranet](#) and the [UNSW attendance page](#) for more information.

8. Expected resources for students

Textbooks

N. Cumpsty & A. Heyes, 2015, *Jet Propulsion. A simple guide to the aerodynamic and thermodynamic design and performance of jet engines*, 3rd edition, Cambridge University Press.

E. Torenbeek & Wittenberg, 2002, *Flight Physics, Essentials of Aeronautical Disciplines and Technology, with Historical Notes*, Springer.

These books are available in the UNSW bookshop.

Suggested additional readings

A Filippone, 2012, *Advanced aircraft flight performance*, Cambridge University Press.

D. P. Raymer, 1992, *Aircraft design: A conceptual approach*, 2nd edition, AIAA, Washington, DC.

J. D. Anderson Jr., 2012, *Introduction to flight*, McGraw Hill, New York, 10020NY.

R. D. Archer & M. Saarlal, 1996, *An introduction to aerospace propulsion*, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Upper Saddle River, New Jersey, 07458.

T. S. Taylor, 2009, *Introduction to rocket science and engineering*, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL 33487-2742.

D. F. Anderson & S. Eberhardt, 2010, *Understanding flight*, 2nd edition, McGraw Hill.

B. Gunston, 2006, *The development of jet and turbine aero engines*, 4th edition, Patrick Stephens Limited (an imprint of Haynes publishing).

B. Gunston, 1999, *Development of piston aero engines*, 2nd edition, Patrick Stephens Limited (an imprint of Haynes publishing).

K. Hünecke, 1997, *Jet engines. Fundamentals of theory, design and operation*, Airline Publishing Limited, Shrewsbury, England.

A. Bejan, 2006, *Advanced engineering thermodynamics*, 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, New Jersey.

E. L. Houghton & P. W. Carpenter, 2003, *Aerodynamics for engineering students*, Butterworth-Heinemann (an imprint of Elsevier Science), Oxford.

J. A. Camberos & D. J. Moorhouse, 2011, *Exergy analysis and design optimization for aerospace vehicles and systems*, Editor-in-chief, F. K. Lu, Vol. 28, Progress in astronautics and aeronautics, AIAA, resto, Virginia.

M. H. Sadraey, 2013, *Aircraft design, A systems engineering approach*, Wiley.

Some of these books are available in the UNSW Library and are useful as additional reading material.

Additional materials provided in Moodle

This course has a website on UNSW Moodle which includes:

- course notes
- assignments
- consultation notes (questions and numerical answers)

Recommended Internet sites

Be very careful when looking at websites that discuss the thermodynamic aspects of propulsion. The sign conventions used in thermodynamics are not uniform around the world and some of these websites can therefore **strongly mislead students**.

Other Resources

If you wish to explore any of the lecture topics in more depth, then other resources are available and assistance may be obtained from the UNSW Library.

One starting point for assistance is:

UNSW Library website: <https://www.library.unsw.edu.au/>

Moodle: <https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php>

9. Course evaluation and development

Feedback on the course is gathered periodically using various means, including the UNSW myExperience process, informal discussion in the final class for the course, and the School's Student/Staff meetings. Your feedback is taken seriously, and continual improvements are made to the course based, in part, on such feedback.

In this course, recent improvements resulting from student feedback include having more markers that will be used this year to speed up the return of the two major class assignments to students.

10. Academic honesty and plagiarism

UNSW has an ongoing commitment to fostering a culture of learning informed by academic integrity. All UNSW students have a responsibility to adhere to this principle of academic integrity. Plagiarism undermines academic integrity and is not tolerated at UNSW. *Plagiarism at UNSW is defined as using the words or ideas of others and passing them off as your own.*

Plagiarism is a type of intellectual theft. It can take many forms, from deliberate cheating to accidentally copying from a source without acknowledgement. UNSW has produced a website with a wealth of resources to support students to understand and avoid plagiarism: student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism The Learning Centre assists students with understanding academic integrity and how not to plagiarise. They also hold workshops and can help students one-on-one.

You are also reminded that careful time management is an important part of study and one of the identified causes of plagiarism is poor time management. Students should allow sufficient time for research, drafting and the proper referencing of sources in preparing all assessment tasks.

If plagiarism is found in your work when you are in first year, your lecturer will offer you assistance to improve your academic skills. They may ask you to look at some online resources, attend the Learning Centre, or sometimes resubmit your work with the problem fixed. However more serious instances in first year, such as stealing another student's work or paying someone to do your work, may be investigated under the Student Misconduct Procedures.

Repeated plagiarism (even in first year), plagiarism after first year, or serious instances, may also be investigated under the Student Misconduct Procedures. The penalties under the procedures can include a reduction in marks, failing a course or for the most serious matters (like plagiarism in an honours thesis) even suspension from the university. The Student Misconduct Procedures are available here:

www.gs.unsw.edu.au/policy/documents/studentmisconductprocedures.pdf

Further information on School policy and procedures in the event of plagiarism is available on the [intranet](#).

11. Administrative matters and links

All students are expected to read and be familiar with School guidelines and polices, available on the intranet. In particular, students should be familiar with the following:

- [Attendance, Participation and Class Etiquette](#)
- [UNSW Email Address](#)
- [Computing Facilities](#)
- [Assessment Matters](#) (including guidelines for assignments, exams and special consideration)
- [Academic Honesty and Plagiarism](#)
- [Student Equity and Disabilities Unit](#)
- [Health and Safety](#)
- [Student Support Services](#)

*Dr John Olsen
1st February, 2018*

Appendix A: Engineers Australia (EA) Competencies

Stage 1 Competencies for Professional Engineers

	Program Intended Learning Outcomes
PE1: Knowledge and Skill Base	PE1.1 Comprehensive, theory-based understanding of underpinning fundamentals
	PE1.2 Conceptual understanding of underpinning maths, analysis, statistics, computing
	PE1.3 In-depth understanding of specialist bodies of knowledge
	PE1.4 Discernment of knowledge development and research directions
	PE1.5 Knowledge of engineering design practice
	PE1.6 Understanding of scope, principles, norms, accountabilities of sustainable engineering practice
PE2: Engineering Application Ability	PE2.1 Application of established engineering methods to complex problem solving
	PE2.2 Fluent application of engineering techniques, tools and resources
	PE2.3 Application of systematic engineering synthesis and design processes
	PE2.4 Application of systematic approaches to the conduct and management of engineering projects
PE3: Professional and Personal Attributes	PE3.1 Ethical conduct and professional accountability
	PE3.2 Effective oral and written communication (professional and lay domains)
	PE3.3 Creative, innovative and pro-active demeanour
	PE3.4 Professional use and management of information
	PE3.5 Orderly management of self, and professional conduct
	PE3.6 Effective team membership and team leadership